



CONFLICT MINERALS POLICY

In August 2012, the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) adopted Rule 13p-1 to implement reporting and disclosure requirements related to conflict minerals as directed by the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act of 2010 (Dodd-Frank Act).

The Rule imposes certain reporting obligations on SEC registrants whose manufactured products contain so called conflict minerals that are necessary to the functionality or production of their products.

“Conflict minerals” are defined as cassiterite, columbite-tantalite, gold, wolframite and their derivatives, which are limited to tin, tantalum, tungsten and gold (3TG).

It is the policy of Cummins Inc. to make reasonable efforts: to know, and to require each Cummins Inc. supplier to disclose to Cummins, the sources of Conflict Minerals used in its products; and to eliminate procurement, as soon as commercially practicable, of products containing Conflict Minerals obtained from sources that fund or support inhumane treatment in the Covered Countries.

Cummins also requires suppliers to assist the Company to comply with the disclosure requirements of Section 1502 of the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act of 2010, and the rules of the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission promulgated pursuant to that law, as well as any related laws and rules.

A detailed Conflict Minerals procedure is available internally to Cummins employees.